Observing Nanomaterials Embedded in Polyethylene Terephthalate Fiber

Polyethylene terephthalate (PET) is a thermoplastic polymer resin used to manufacture synthetic fibers. Raw PET fibers are used to strengthen food packaging, pressure sensitive adhesive tapes and thermal insulation. Researchers and scientists are using an array of nanomaterials to increase the strength and flexibility of PET products. The addition of nanomaterials allows the use of PET fibers to advance tissue engineering, drug delivery and flexible electronics. The CytoViva Hyperspectral Microscope system can spectrally detect and guantify multiple materials embedded in a PET fiber.

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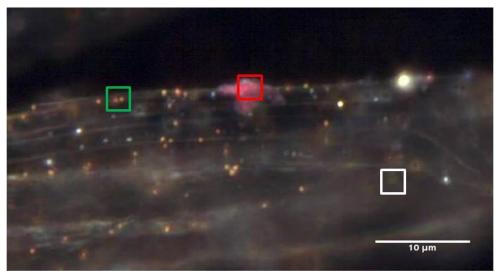
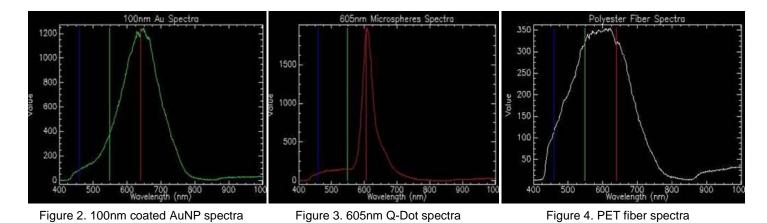


Figure 1. PET fiber with AuNPs and Q-dots

Figure 1 is a hyperspectral image of a PET fiber taken with the CytoViva Hyperspectral Microscope system. This fiber has been embedded with 100nm coated gold nanoparticles (AuNP) and quantum dots (Q-dots) that excite at 605nm. Figure 2 is a spectra taken from the green box in Figure 1 that is representative of the coated AuNPs in the fiber. Figure 3 is a spectra taken from the red box in Figure 1 that is representative of the Q-dots in the fiber. Figure 4 is a spectra taken from the white box in Figure 1 that is representative of the fiber.



The CytoViva Hyperspectral Microscope system then uses these spectral signatures to detect and quantify the nanomaterials embedded in the fiber.

For additional information on how CytoViva may help enhance your research, please contact us at info@cytoviva.com.